

ANNUAL **REPORT 2017**



PARTNERSHIP FOR NUTRITION IN TANZANIA (PANITA)

PANITA *"Catalyst to end malnutrition in Tanzania"*



MESSAGE FROM EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR3CHAPTER 1:IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PANITA STRATEGIC PLAN (2015-2020)
ACHIEVEMENTS.ACHIEVEMENTS4CHAPTER 2:REPORTS FROM ZONES14CHAPTER 3:CHAPTER 3:CHALLENGES AND LESSONS LEARNT.15CHAPTER 4:FINANCIAL REPORT16CHAPTER 5:CONCLUSION17CHAPTER 6:ANNEXES18



Message from Executive Director



Greetings from PANITA Secretariat

PANITA has completed the third year of implementing its five years strategic plan 2015-20 which focuses on achieving adequate nutrition status to all Tanzanians with specific emphasis on women and children so that we can have healthy and reproductive nations. This goal is being realized gradually through the accomplishment of the following strategic aims: To influence Policy and practice changes that prioritize and increase resource allocation to nutrition at national, local and community levels; PANITA membership base is broad and members collaborate, learn from one another and network with other stakeholders; Strengthened PANITA members' capacity to deliver quality nutrition programmes; Strengthen the position of PANITA as a nutrition communication hub for members and general Public; and strenthening Organizational Development and Sustainability strengthened.

To date, PANITA has made substantial progress towards implementation of its strategy in the areas of advocacy for domestic resource mobilization for nutrition, engaging key and influential figures such as Government technocrats, Members of Parliament, Journalist and Editors and capacity building of CSOs members. Also its commendable job of strengthening capacity of secretariat to effectively manage day to day activities of the network. Particularly some of the achievement including but not limited to: PANITA has managed to continue advancing advocacy efforts through development and adoption of the advocacy strategy that provides guideline and pathway for effective and successful advocacy engagements. At national level PANITA has continued to participate in established platforms and structures to advance the nutrition agenda. Also, the involvement of PANITA in joint advocacy efforts with other allies both in the country, regionally (Eastern and Southern Africa) and globally at large. This action has taken our advocacy efforts to the next level. PANITA continued engaging key and influential groups, such as politicians, government leaders in order to influence the prioritization of nutrition in planning and budgeting at national and subnational levels.

The strategy envisions the partnership built upon strong membership base, knit together through improved capacity of members to deliver high-quality nutrition interventions. This has been evident in the year 2017; where Strategic membership drives has resulted in the geographical coverage of new districts that PANITA lacked members; and increased sectoral mix reflecting the multi-sectoral dimension of nutrition. The capacity of PANITA CSOs members to deliver quality nutrition interventions and participation in advocacy has increased gradually which is evident through quality nutrition program delivery to the community and increased number of advocacy initiatives at the local level. Thanks to continues capacity building initiatives by the Secretariat and fosterning sharing of knowledge, best practices, and innovations among members. PANITA strategy aligns with National Nutrition Multisectoral Nutrition Plan (NMNAP 2016-2021). NMNAP brought together all nutrition stakeholders from all key sectors and levels towards more coordinated efforts to fight malnutrition. PANITA has observed gradual improvent in working relationship with various nutrition stakeholders, especially government officials in sub-national levels.

Reports from the Zones provides synopsis of the contribution of our CSO Members who are players at local level. In principle, it reflects tireless effort from our Zonal Coordinators and Membes at large.

Last but not least, PANITA would like to express its sincere gratitude to all who have been involved in one way or another, in the process of implementing year three activities; particularly we would like to recognize financial contribution from Irish Aid, UNICEF, Graça Machel Trust, DFID through the ASTUTE project. The government of Tanzania through Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Health Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children, President Office Regional Administration and Local Government, and Tanzania Food and Nutrition Center, and CSOs Members.

Tumaini Mikindo Executive Director



IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PANITA STRATEGIC PLAN (2015-2020) ACHIEVEMENTS

Strategic Aim 1: Policy and practice changes that prioritize and increase resource allocation to nutrition at national, local authority and community levels are effectively influenced.

Results 1.1: PANITA Secretariat and members engage in dialogue structures and related advocacy processes for scaling up nutrition at all levels

PANITA has positioned itself as an active participant in key national and subnational dialogue structures for nutrition; aiming at influencing the prioritization of nutrition in plans and budgets at all levels. Besides, PANITA believes on the strength of unity; thus its member of various coalitions and initiatives both nationally and Globally, that are aiming at impactifully advocacy outcomes while pushing nutrition agenda at the top of it. On the same note, improved working relations with government, development partners and other stakeholders is pivotal to our core agenda towards improving nutrition outcomes in the country and beyond.

1. Identify and capitalize upon existing and emerging influencing opportunities for desired changes

During the year 2017 through its advocacy work, PANITA has been engaging with different stakeholders and fora at the national level in order to advance its goal of making all Tanzanians attain a better nutrition status. Particularly, PANITA is a member of the Higher Level Nutrition Steering Committee which is a forum that deliberates and advice the government on key policy issues. In line with this, Secretariat has been representing the CSOs platform; whereby lessons learnt and experiences from the local level has informed the deliberations on issues that are of national impontant in-terms of policy direction partaining to nutrition sector. On the other hand, PANITA members participate in the Regional and Council Nutrition Steering Committees in their respective geographical and administrative localities. These multistakeholders fora provide dialogue space for CSOs to contribute towards better planning and implementation of nutrition interventions at sub-national level.

Other key engagement includes the review of the Terms of reference for the Regional and District multi-sectoral nutrition steering committees(ToR-R/CMSCN). The new ToR-R/CMSCN is expected to improve Multisectoral coordination and accountability of nutrition interventions at Regional and Council level; as it has defined the structure and composition of the committees. Also it has defined roles and responsibilities of each committees member. The new TOR has a new section on performance indicators, that will be used to track progress and performance of each depertment.

In addition, PANITA secretariat has actively participated in other key fora such as: Development Partner Group on Nutrition (DPG-N), Multi-Sectoral Nutrition Working Groups and NMNAP Thematic working groups. DPG-N and other established platforms that provide space for structured engagement in the advocacy process will remain as a cornerstone for PANITA to advance its advocacy agenda irrespective of its inadequacy in its functionality. It is worthy to continue working with government and other partners through these established structures as well as creating other complementary mechanisms to enhance effectiveness in our advocacy work.

During reporting period, PANITA conducted two bilateral advocacy meetings with the Regional Secretariat in Rukwa and Katavi through the financial support from Graça Machel Trust (GMT). These



meetings underpinned the importance of better nutrition to the social-economic development of the country. Also, it emphasized on the impontance of multisectoral approach in addressing nutrition issues as all sectors are critical to the improvement of the nutrition status of the community. Key outcome from these meetings include but not limited to: RAS's for Rukwa and Katavi ordered the Regional and Council Steering Committee on Nutrition to function with immediate effect and to incorporate nutrition as a permanent agenda in all meetings such as: Regional Consultative Committee, Council meetings e.t.c.

PANITA is a member of the core committee of White Ribbon Alliance Tanzania (WRATZ) which played a key role in the development of advocacy package for maternal health and nutrition. The package is expected to be used by the members of the parliament as an advocacy tool for improved budget allocation for Maternal and Child health. Specifically, PANITA's role in the development of this package was to package the nutrition component to the brochure. Further to this, PANITA was involved in the development of citizen advocacy package for the maternal and newborn. The advocacy package will be used to advocate for and address different issues as related to maternal and newborn health by Community Champion of RMNCH and Nutrition as Citizens are concerned. This information complemented the government's initiatives to improve safe motherhood in Tanzania. PANITA provided inputs and shared expertise related to maternal and newborn health as far as nutrition is concerned. PANITA was also among the stakeholders involved in providing inputs for the development of the Global Strategic plan for the White Ribbon Alliance.

PANITA is member of CAADP Non-State Actors Coalition (CNC), through Tanzanian CNC Chapter. Through platform, PANITA has been able to work with other members to influence the government on implementation of Malabo declaration with specific focus on decreasing stunting by 10% as agreed in the declaration by 2025. Therefore through working with members organization under CNC; of which most of them are inclined to Agriculture, PANITA has used this opportunity to enlighten their understanding of the role of Agriculture on Nutrition. Thus it is expected to increase their agricultural programs sensitivity to nutrition.



A validation meeting of the assessment conducted by PANITA & HDT on financing for RMNCAH and Nutrition in Tanzania in the context of Global Financing Facility (November 04 2017 at TFNC)

PANITA is on the course of expanding educational and advocacy space by collaborating with other key allies in the country and across Africa. Example, PANITA is part of the core group which includes ANSAF, ESAFF, and MVIWATA among others that are currently developing a framework that will provide the forum for rural producers and other key constituencies to have a common voice in matters related to food and nutrition security as well as farmers wellbeing. This initiative is work in progress, but PANITA believes that once it comes in operation; it will provide an advocacy space that focuses on agriculture and nutrition at large. Also, PANITA with HDT Tanzania, KANCO Kenya, and RESULTS-US is developing



joint advocacy initiative that will focus into making a Tanzanian investment plan for maternal health under the Global Financing Facility (GFF) funding to be more nutrition sensitive. At the regional level, we are in the early stage of building a network that will focus on the Early Child Development (ECD) integration into existing initiatives. This ECD integration initiative is led by KANKO Kenya. Also at the continental level, we are working with the partners like Graça Machel Trust, IDS e.t.c, among others in collaboration with NEPAD to use HANCI Africa as a tool for accountability in the implementation process of Malabo declaration.

2. Develop a good working relationship with Nutrition Focal Points and Nutrition Officers at all levels

PANITA has always endeavored to improve the working relationship with government at all levels. At the national level, PANITA has always collaborated with key technical officers from Government, Ministrities and agencies that are engaged in nutrition sector. Further to this, PANITA has invited nutrition focal points from Ministries and Government Agencies in various activities organized by PANITA for the purpose of strengthening existing good working relationship. At the local level, PANITA invited the nutrition officers to participate in all zonal review meeting whereby members meet to discuss the implementation of nutrition activities in their localities. Nutrition officers were invited to share their views and present activities which are done at the regional or council level. PANITA secretariat staff has endeavored to meet with nutrition officers and other government officials at the local level at all times during official visits. Besides PANITA through the ASTUTE project has strengthen working relationship between CSO members and district nutrition officers. This is done for the purpose of bridging the gaps of knowledge between Civil Society and government officials as well as improving mutual trust between Civil Society and government officials.

3. Forge strategic partnership with Members of Parliament, particularly the Parliamentary Group on Nutrition Food security and Children Rights.

PANITA conducted an advocacy meeting with Members of Parliamentary Group on Nutrition, Food Security & Children's Rights (PGNFSCR), focusing on advocating for improved Nutrition status through prioritizing nutrition in Government plans and allocation of domestic resources. MPs were introduced to the National Multisectoral Nutrition Action Plan (NMNAP) and their roles in implementing the plan. Further to this, MPs were alluded to the Government commitment made by Hon. Isdori Mpango (MP), Minister of Finance and Planning during World Bank Human Capital Summit held in Washington DC November 2016; to set aside \$115 million as government contribution to fund NMNAP. MP's agreed to continue championing for increased domestic resources for Nutrition and make follow-ups on the



Meeting with Parliamentarians Group on Nutrition Food Security and Children Rights held in Dodoma on 23rd April 2017



disbursement, and use of allocated funds for intended nutrition interventions at Sub-national level. They also made the commitment to follow up on the functionality of District Nutrition Steering Committees, as it is a critical mechanism for effective implementation of NMNAP at sub-national level.

Results 1.2 Key stakeholders at various levels and the general public are aware of the malnutrition problems

In the quest of ensuring that, there is a wider reach of nutrition information to various stakeholders and the general public at large; different mechanisms were employed by PANITA in the year 2017; which include but not limited to:

1. Develop and strengthen good working relations with the media

PANITA strategic plan (2015-2020) aims at enhancing the working relationship with media through capacity strengthening and building long-term relationships with journalists. Based on that, Zonal based Journalists were invited to attend the Zonal review meetings to get understand of nutrition issues and hence broaden their reporting on Nutrition stories and articles writing; with emphasis reporting of stories from sub-national level. During the reporting period, Journalists from the following media houses participated during the Zonal review and capacity building meetings: Mwananchi Communication, Nipashe, Daily News, Radio One, ITV and Star TV. Media is a crucial partner in providing education, raising public awareness and shaping the public.

2. Use of diverse communication channels for bringing advocacy messages home

PANITA continued to use various means of communication to send out messages on issues related to nutrition to both members and the general public; these include Emails, phone calls, SMS, Website, Social media accounts such as Facebook, Twitter, and YouTube. Face to face meeting such as zonal review meetings, monitoring visits to members was also applied when necessary. For example the use of key dated has been instrumental for sharing key nutritional messages to members and general public; during the reporting time, PANITA commemorated African Child day, Mother's day and Family day by posting key messages on its social media to remind the general public on the importance of good nutrition; Secretariat will continue sharing of key information as it becomes available through various channel to reach a wide range of people.

3. Document and make use of success stories for effective behavior change communication

PANITA has been keen on documenting brilliant achievements from members, and sharing them among the network members and general public. Success stories are important tools that catalyze capacity building and adoption of innovations, best practices, etc. since they illustrate real-time examples. In the year 2017, PANITA recorded 4 success stories from members that were shared in the newsletter, PANITA website, and social media for the purpose of promoting learning among members but also promote the visibility of a particular CSO member. The success stories were from Business and Entrepreneurship and Support in Tanzania (BEST) who shared a success story titled "Cash transfer for improved nutrition. Community Economic Empowerment and Legal Support (CEELS) shared a success story "ACT – DSH supports Zonal coordination activities in South Western Highlands Zone". Children of Lake Victoria from East lake zone shared success stories on agriculture and ECD and SUPREME a PANITA member in Mwanza shared a success story on VICOBA for food supply.

4. Work with members, key individuals such as community leaders, Village Health Workers for information dissemination

PANITA through its members has been constantly striving to reach communities on the ground as part of the broader strategy to engage households and individuals at the local level. This has



been possible either through projects brokered by the Secretariat e.g. ASTUTE or those secured by individual CSO members.

PANITA through the ASTUTE project is working with CSOs in Wards, villages and community in all 36 Councils in the five Lake Zone regions (Kagera, Mwanza, Geita, Shinyanga, and Kigoma). PANITA collaborated with village health workers and community development officer to ensure

nutritional behavior change is impacted at the household level through the facilitation of 360 existing support groups. One of the means used to enhance knowledge and understanding of the support group has been through dissemination of information on Adolescent nutrition, maternal and infants' nutrition, ECD, WASH, and Gender. Through this process, cummulatevely we have achieved a total reach of 5433 beneficiaries.

PANITA Executive Director Mr. Tumaini Mikindo holding a baby in one of the Women Support Group called Serengeti during the Monitoring Visits in Mkolani Ward -Mwanza City Council. The group has been enrolled by NI HEKIMA PEKEE– PANITA member implementing Mtoto Mwerevu project in Mwanza. This is part of the Civil Society engagement under PANITA, expand community reach and Engagement in delivering Nutrition Education to Pregnant and Lactating Mothers, in the quest to avert Stunting in 50,000 under five and reach 30,000 mothers with Children under 2yrs of age by the end of the project.



Strategic Aim 2: PANITA membership base is broad and members collaborate, learn from one another and network with other stakeholders

Result 2.1 Quality membership services are provided timely

PANITA Network is as strong as its member base, however it recognizes capacity variability among its members in delivering nutrition interventions; thus it enherently implement capacity building programs to its members. Inoder to deliver effective capacity building programs PANITA has embedded due diligence exercise as one of the mechanisms to ensure customized technical support to its members:

1. Undertake due diligence screening of members based on explicit membership criteria

This process is focusing on overall organization management and structure as well as programmatic implementation of various projects and activities focusing on nutrition. Specifically on the organization side the emphasis is put on: Legal status, clear vision and mission, Presence of functional Board of Directors, strategic plan, Functional financial management system, Human resource management. While on the program management side, assessment included but not limited to: capacities in the project planning and implementation, technical capacity of employees, existing advocacy initiatives, monitoring and evaluation as well as organization sustainability strategy.

In persuit of this, PANITA conducted a rigorous due diligence exercise to 23 CSOs ASTUTE project in Lake Zone Regions. The main objective of this exercise was to assess the CSOs capacity in aspects of governance, program and financial capacities. Completion of this exercise led to the identification



of CSOs that were admitted as PANITA members and consequently to implement the Community component of the ASTUTE project. The results from this process formed the basis for capacity building process for the selected CSOs.

Result 2.2 Information on Best practices and success stories of members shared widely and timely

PANITA is a vast network, with a members scattered all over the country; perfoming different specific and sensitive nutrition activities, requires good collaboration mechanisms for it to function effectively. Secretariat has adopted various measures to ensure Members exchange information and have effective cross learning among themselves: sharing of experiences and best practices, success stories and innovations among others.

1. Identify and popularize members' development innovations in nutrition programming

PANITA through its zonal review meetings has been able to provide space for members to share their reports which include: success, challenges, solutions and innovations in their programs. Through this process, Secretariat has been able to pick innovations that are worth sharing through different channels such as: website, brochures, reports, e.t.c. To mention a few innovations as a result of this process: Economic strengthening initiatives such as VICOBA SILCA and SACCOS are integrated in nutrition interventions due to the poor economic status of most of the project beneficiaries to support their income and for project sustainability, the introduction of home gardening and small animal keeping is another innovation in nutrition projects for securing household food security.

2. Promote cross-learning among members

In 2017, PANITA conducted zonal capacity building and review meetings across all zones, with coverage of 142 CSO members. Objectives of the meetings were: Reviewing of member's nutrition interventions, Capacity building of members' organizations focusing on organizational governance, Food biofortification, gender and nutrition and roles of CSOs in the implementation of NMNAP, and Introduction of the role of Gender in improving the Nutrition Situation. PANITA zonal review meetings are space where members meet and share different experiences and challenges. In order to foster cross-learning among members this year, meetings involved participants from more than one zone. The theme this year was "role of Gender in improving Nutrition situation". This topic came as a result of studies that show that there is a substansive correlation between gender relations and nutrition status of families. Since this is a new area in Nutrition landscape more training is needed both to members and the Secretariat.

Strategic Aim 3: PANITA members' capacity to deliver quality nutrition programs strengthened

Result 3.1 PANITA members' technical skills to fulfill their corporate mandate improved

PANITA Secretariat has been constantly assessing members capacity to identify areas of support and make sure of multiple opportunities and pathways to address the gap; for example through: zonal review meetings, monitoring visits, a mapping exercise, due diligence, etc.

1. Develop and make use of explicity eligibility criteria for CSOs to join PANITA network.

PANITA in its quest to have a diverse and geographically sphread member base, it has strieved to streamline membership eligibility criteria, managed through initial self-assesment form and electronic members information system. The criteria have been developed basing on: Legal status and proof from



LGA of its existence and functionality of the CSO, Physical location, Governance structure, Number and qualification of key staff, Focus of programmatic activities related to nutrition, Adminstrative and financial management system, Presence of physical office, e.t.c.

2. Make use of coaching support for application and adoption of the acquired skills

PANITA in collaboration with IMA World Health conducted a coaching session to twenty-three potential CSOs for ASTUTE project. CSOs from Geita and Mwanza attended the sessions in Geita and CSOs from Kigoma, Kagera and Shinyanga attended the session in Kahama. CSO were represented by three staff members ie. Program Coordinator, Finance Officer and M&E Officer.

The session focused on Program planning and implementation focusing on key elements on Maternal, Young Child and Adolescent Nutrition (MYCAN), WASH, Guiding principles of Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and Early Child Development (ECD). CSOs prepared the work plans, log frames and budgets for the project. Child and Adolescent Nutrition (MYCAN), WASH, Guiding principles of Social Behavior Change Communication (SBCC) and Early Child Development (ECD). CSOs prepared the work plans, log frames and budgets for the project.

3. Develop and roll out self-help tool form assessing organizational and programmatic capacity development.

PANITA over the years has been working tirelessly to develop various support mechanism for Members as part of contious quality improvement process. One of the key element along this trajectory is development and roll out of self-assesment tools for CSOs. To date two self-assesment tools has been developed and disseminated to Members which are Initial self-assesment form to members and self-due diligence assessment. These forms have so far been varuable tools to PANITA Secretariat and Members at large in terms of identifying strength and weakness of CSOs as organizations and help to develop both targeted and holistic approach to capacity development of members organization to deliver quality nutrition intervantions and other services to the community.

Strategic Aim 4: Strengthen the position of PANITA as a nutrition communication hub for members and General Public

Result 4.1: Dissemination of knowledge among PANITA members improved.

Effective advocacy and capacity building requires among other things, availability of quality and user-friendly data and information; to attain this endeavor PANITA maintained a continuous process of disseminating appropriate information for policy advocacy as well as educational and awareness raising to the general public on nutrition issues through its website, brochures, leaflets and media at large.

1. Develop and strengthen good working relations with publishing houses

PANITA recognizes the critical role of the media in education and creating public awareness as related to improving the nutrition status of the country. In this regard, it is absolutely critical that at all times both Secretariat and members maintain a good and harmonious working relationship with media houses for the benefit of the public. In fulfilling this endeavor, the Secretariat has employed a range of strategies to strengthen this relationship, to mention a few: capacity building sessions, one on one meetings, sharing of technical information both on-demand bases and ad-libitum.

2. Make use of appropriate Information and Communication Technologies for packaging and information dissemination

In the quest to improve communication between Secretariat and PANITA members; Secretariat has adopted various information and communication methods given state and coverage of communication



network in the country particularly in the far and remote areas. Most of our members reside in areas where internet connectivity is poor or not available at all thus our focus to reach those members and maintain a constant two-way flow of information between the Secretariat, Zonal Coordinators and Members; the most preferred means of communication has been using phone calls, SMS and emails. To complement these additional paper-based communications such as brochures, leaflets, newsletter have been disseminated. Members have been actively sending feedbacks on different issues to the secretariat. PANITA members were advised to endeavor the use of official emails or use of email account that is accessible to more than one staff. This has improved communications within the partnership. PANITA normally receive feedback from members and other forums that bring members together. The Facebook page of PANITA is used mainly for member's activities such as meetings and other nutrition sensitive interventions have done within their localities. On the other hand, it is used as the advocacy fora for the general public as most of the posted messages are always aiming at changing the mindset of policymakers and the general public.

Result 4.2: Functional communication interface with PANITA members maintained

PANITA has actively and continuously maintained multiple communication interfaces with members and the general public. Which includes but not limited to website, database, Facebook, Twitter, etc. During the reporting time PANITA strived to constantly maintain a unique and up to date website (www.panita.or.tz), which is current and full of useful nutrition information. The website is attractive with more interactive and easy to access information. PANITA's key documents, as well as members information such as success stories and good practices, have been posted on the website. The feedback mechanism is in a place where viewers can contact PANITA and give back feedbacks, considerations, observations, and queries. PANITA has received encouraging feedback among nutrition stakeholders on the usefulness of our website. The number of website page hits for the duration of the reporting time has increased dramatically to a total of 33,616 hits, compared to a total of 7868 hits by December 2016. In due course it will be linked with member's database, thus PANITA members are encouraged to visit the website regularly.

The process of collecting and filling member's information in the database is on-going. The database is envisaged to be one stop shop for PANITA member's information. The use of the member's database will ensure effective management of member information and activities conducted on their localities. The database is expected to foster linkages and cross-learning within members and with key potential allies and partners. Collection, validation, and update of member's information are underway.

Strategic Aim 5: Organizational Development and Sustainability of PANITA strengthened.

Result 5.1: Human resource capacity strengthened

Recruitment of outstanding and competent staff to accomplish the partnership goals and objectives as well as retaining the optimal number of staff has always been a focus of PANITA.

1. Hire and maintain highly competent optimal number of staff for quality program delivery

PANITA has managed to maintain all the program staff since 2015 and added one finance staff 2017 inoder to strenghtern capacity of finance depertment to cope with expanded program activities. PANITA management has worked very hard to maintain the employee's morale at all time and the in-house capacity building workshops have helped to improve work performance. PANITA has also trained the communication person on advanced communication skills and this has increased the staff competence in areas of advocacy and communication. The Monitoring and Evaluation team also attended a training



on data management on DHIS so as to strengthen their skills on data analysis to produce comprehensive and powerful reports to inform decisions making the process at the Secretariat and the Network at large.

2. Identify and capitalize upon skills of members for organizational development initiatives

Secretariat has worked hard to collect and analyze member's information so as to identify strengths, weaknesses, and areas of competence that would be of added value to advance PANITA agenda as guided by the strategic plan. Currently, we are finalizing the database upon which will be the foundation for utilization of members in different areas that would require their support. However, in the meantime, Secretariat has strengthened zonal coordinating CSOs and have been effectively utilized to implement various activities as guided by the strategic plan.

Result 5.2: Governance and Management of PANITA strengthened.

PANITA BOD of Directors is the key governance organ of the partnership. The Board is composed of a diverse competent team of individuals who fulfils the Board mandate as per PANITA MEMART. PANITA Board of Directors are elected by CSOs members, during the AGM.

1. Set up and make use eligibility criteria for Board Members

Given the importance of the Board of Directors (BOD) members in guiding the Secretariat towards fulfilling the vision of the partnership, and due to the fact that the MEMART has not expounded the criteria for selection of BOD members; PANITA Secretariat develop eligibility criteria for Board members as a result of request by the AGM meeting. The following criteria were developed and approved by both the Board of Directors and the AGM. An individual whose professional experiences and skill sets will be of additional value to PANITA; Have understanding of our partnership and its needs and envision in contributing to the organization; Passion for PANITA cause that is to fight malnutrition in our country; Willingness to commit time for board meetings, committee meetings, sessions, special events; Team player - works well in a group; Someone who listens well, is thoughtful in considering issues; A person with no conflicts of interest with PANITA; Should be of sound mind and visionary and above 35 years of age and not more than 85 years. These criteria have been operational since approval and it is expected to provide a solid foundation for the recruitment of credible Board Members.

2. Effective Support to the Board to perform its fiduciary function

Secretariat has endeavored to solicit required resources and provide needed support for the efficient and effective functioning of the Board of Directors (BOD). This has allowed BOD to conduct its business as prescribed in the MEMART. Some of the key activities undertaken by the BOD include: oversight function where they received and deliberated the quarterly reports and approved plans and budget. The Secretariat presented the following important documents; 2016 PANITA annual report, 2016 financial statement, 2017 work plan, and 2017 budget. All these documents were scrutinized and approved by the Board.

The BOD meeting has proven to be a very useful organ in assessing the progress of PANITA secretariat work and member's affair, providing feedback and make decisions where appropriate.

Result 5.3: Resources mobilization and management strengthened

Since its inception, PANITA has enshrined resources mobilization and management into its strategies and plans through: formalization of platform where it was officially registered as an autonomous institution in 2013; followed by establishment and institutionalization of Board of Directors and Secretariat;



strengthening of institutional structure such as Secretariat through capacity building of staff; and support functionality of Secretariat through development of policies and regulations; Installation and utilization of electronic financial management system; conduct audits by external auditors; strengthening governance and accountability through supporting holding of Annual General Meeting and Board of Directors meetings; diversification of PANITA resource base through attracting funds from other sources from multiple Donors.

Overall impact of above measures will greatly contribute to diversification of PANITA funding sources; either through different sources beyond traditional donors such as Private Sector, Individual Philanthropist and/or Multiple project streams. This approach is intended to bring financial and institutional stability in the medium-term.

1. Establish good working relations with funding sources

PANITA has worked diligently to establish a good working relationship with potential funders. This has been through multiple pathways such one to one meetings, sharing reports and updates from time to time, joint monitoring and supportive supervision with funders for them to witness the ongoing activities. PANITA also participates in all forums that are prepared by Funders and has also invited funders to all events prepared in order to showcase the ongoing interventions.

Result 5.4: Quality Assurance, M & E system established and operationalized.

PANITA has devised and operationalized an efficient and effective Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) system to provide feedback on organizational development, programme implementation, and performance.

1. Develop and roll out user-friendly tools for Monitoring and Evaluation

PANITA developed various data collection tools for the purpose of gathering information from different data sources. Both PANITA staff and members have been trained on the use of the tools. The following are examples of data collection tools developed by PANITA: Data collection tool District Nutrition Steering committees, Nutrition activities Report, Monitoring Exit Form, Meeting and Workshop evaluation form, Form number 2, Checklist for Support Group for CSOs supervisors and Volunteer.

During the reporting time, PANITA collected nutrition activities reports from 128 members. This was possible through a newly formulated nutrition information data collection tool for both specific and sensitive nutrition interventions implemented by members in their respective localities. District Nutrition Steering Committees form has enabled PANITA to collect information from CSO members on presence and performance of the committees in their respective Councils which inform advocacy work, during the reporting period we have collected information from 85 CSO Members.

Also, PANITA adopted a compiled CSOs support group form (form number 2) which was designed for collecting information from CSOs support groups. Checklist for Support Group for CSOs supervisors and Volunteer was designed to help CSO Supervisors and volunteer to conduct monthly meeting and and provide guidance on how to conduct negotiation based on six behavior of ASTUTE Project. Monitoring Exit Form has been instrumental tool for documentation and record keeping of the visit conducted by Secretariat staff and Zonal Coordinators to CSO Members on the agreed action points to work-on between CSOs and Secretariat or Zonal Coordinator, but also it act as a feedback mechanism within the Network.



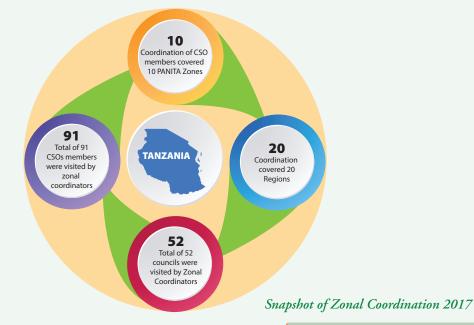


It is beyond doubt that, PANITA Zonal coordinators are active flag bearers in fight against malnutrition in their respective zones. Together with CSO members, they are working diligently in pushing the nutrition agenda forward. PANITA supported zonal coordination activities whereby funds were disbursed to all 10 zonal coordinating CSOs for conducting coordination activities which include but not limited to; follow up on members' activities; Building relationship with Councils; Strengthening of PANITA members' involvement in District Nutrition Steering Committee. As a result, the year 2017 recorded successful advocacy initiatives, well organized members coordination activities and seamless flow of information between secretariat and zones, despite the financial constraints.

The gap between CSOs and government within nutrition sector is slowly closing down, thanks to the development and implementation of National Multisectoral Nutrition Action Plan (NMNAP) that foster collaboration among all nutrition stakeholders in all levels with recognition of CSO roles. All zonal coordinators reported improved working relationships with government officials. This is exemplified by productive visits and meetings that PANITA zonal coordinators conducted with subnational level government officials in their respective zones.

In the year 2017, A total of 52 Councils in 20 Regions were visited. Meetings involved Regional Commissioner, DEDs, District nutrition officers and other technocrats at regional and Council levels. This is a huge leap in nutrition advocacy initiatives that will carter for improved understanding of relationship between nutrition and sustainable development among government officials (this has been a major obstacle). Eventually, this will translate into prioritization of nutrition in LGA's plans and budgets.

Coordination of members was conducted in all zones. About 91 members were visited by zonal coordinators. Zonal coordinators visits offer provision of supportive supervision of members' nutrition interventions, sharing of knowledge and experiences and offer solutions to emerging challenges. Since zonal coordinators act as a bridge between members CSOs and secretariat, is through them that PANITA Secretariat receive feedback from the grass root level where member CSOs engage with the communities.





CHALLENGES AND LESSON LEARNT

- Bilateral advocacy meeting with regional administration commissioners and the regional secretariat is a very key instrument in bringing accountability for Nutrition activities at the sub-national level, in order to have the common ground and joint efforts in fighting Malnutrition. However, this initiative requires additional resources given the current fund constraints.
- The changes in the political landscape, which has led to the appointment of new Regional and District leadership, has watered down the efforts that were on track; especially on Nutrition. On the other hand, these changes provide an opportunity to move nutrition agenda forward; at the subnational level. This is supported by the lesson in Rukwa and Katavi where regional authorities have been very supportive following advocacy meetings conducted at the regional level. Thus it calls for more advocacy at a sub-national level so that the efforts that were initiated by the previous leaders could yield more fruitful results.
- There has been a gradual increase understanding of the role of CSOs in the districts steering committees; most of the committees are more active as compared to previous years. Additional efforts are needed for having active and functioning Nutrition steering Committees on nutrition.
- Managing expectation from Members and other key stakeholder's italies the real situation. Essentially, PANITA organizational growth rate is at a good pace, particularly after operating as an independent entity; however, is absolutely critical to note that PANITA is still juvenile stage if gauged under the Adize's theory for the organization life cycle. This is well captured in the Fiveyear strategic plan, where the institutional and members capacity strengthening have been given adequate attention. If the Five-year strategic plan is well implanted, it will consolidate its position in the nutrition ecosystem in Tanzania, where it will increase its visibility and attracts more investments from members and other stakeholders. However for this to happen as envisaged, it would require availability of sufficient resources and it takes may take a little while to accomplish the set objective under the five years strategic plan.
- Since we have started implementing the second strategic plan, PANITA has not received core grant and thus depending on funds based on the projects which lack flexibility. It is indisputable facts that; grant flexibility for advocacy is critical in attaining maximum efficiency and effectiveness as a key element to reach intended goals. Essentially advocacy by nature is to a large extent an opportunistic endeavor; such that at times we may need to have a more flexible grant that will give us the wider span of engagement and use of various opportunities as they emerge.
- A knowledge gap exists among technocrats as well as politicians at the local level on the link between malnutrition and poor economic and development outcomes. This has been revealed through our engagements with local authorities. This will continue to be PANITA's focus as we move along in the implementation trajectory of our five years strategic plan.



FINANCIAL REPORT

PARTNERSHIP FOR NUTRITION IN TANZANIA AUDIT REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ended 31 December 2017

PANITA STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE 2017

		Year Ended 31-Dec-17	Year Ended 31-Dec-16
Income			
Grant revenue	2	1,254,143,198	1,360,164,080
Donation and other income	3	23,949,198	36,471,735
Programme income	4	83,762,803	43,613,069
Total programme income		1,361,855,199	1,440,248,884
Less expenditure			
Personnel costs	5	587,554,627	500,678,964
Contractual costs	6	25,464,310	42,373,526
Supplies	7	20,560,845	12,135,668
Equipments purchase	8	75,671,563	54,701,423
Travel & meeting expenses	. 9	470,725,644	534,478,312
Other expenses	10	132,166,588	201,416,717
Total expenditure		1,312,143,577	1,345,784,610
Surplus of income over expenditure		49,711,622	94,464,274
Balance brought forward		95,622,312	1,158,038
Prior year adjustment	11	1,577,876	
Total balance		146,911,810	95,622,312
Represented by:			
Cash and cash equivalent	12	1,381,965,488	778,962,925
Receivables and prepayments	13	27,059,417	212,086,340
Deferred grant	14	(886,309,639)	(672,024,734)
Accounts payables and accruals	15	(375,803,456)	(223,402,219)
Unrestricted Net Asset		146,911,810	95,622,312

The financial statements on page 12 to 19 were approved by the Board of Directors of Partnership for Nutrition in Tanzania on $\underline{9}$ $\underline{11}$ 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

Tumaini Mikindo Executive Director.

Dr. Rose Rita Kingamkono Chairperson.

12



CHAPTER 5.0 CONCLUSION

The implementation of the five years Strategic Plan is a gradual process and PANITA has witnessed great support from all members through their nutrition interventions at the community level, their work with community leaders and influential people in all avenues. The coordination was made possible through the commitment, passion, and willingness of zonal coordinators who bridged the communication between Secretariat and members.

The advocacy work was made possible as a result of built systems, structures and mechanisms under the SUN framework spearheaded by Prime Minister's Office (PMO). Receptiveness and willingness of Members of Parliament, Regional and District authorities and all nutrition line Ministries.

PANITA would like to acknowledge all funders and supporters that made all this great work possible. Particulary Irish Aid, through Reducing Malnutrition through Advocacy and Coordination (ReMAC) project. Irish has been the main donor since the inception of PANITA. Also ATUTE project funded by UKaid. Others include, Graça Machel Trust (GMT) and SUN Civil Societies Network (CSN). Also the government of Tanzania through Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Health Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children, President Office Regional Administration and Local Government and Tanzania Food and Nutrition Center and CSOs Members.



School feeding program implemented by TUSHIRIKI – PANITA Member Mbeya





ANNEX 1: HIGHLIGHTS FROM ZONES

1) CENTRAL ZONE

Regions: Manyara, Singida and Dodoma

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Non-Governmental Organization Network of Dodoma (NGONEDO)

Zonal Coordinator: Mr. Edward Mbogo

Monitoring visit

Monitoring visit in Manyara region was conducted in Jan 2017, involving Zonal Coordinator and Secretariat Staff. In Babati District Council the following members were visited: Ahadi Forum; Community Support Initiative (COSITA) and Manyara Civil Society Organizations Network (MACSNET). Hanang Women Counselling Development Association (HAWOCODA) was visited in Hanang DC. The Objectives of the visit were: to familiarize with a reality of CSO working environment; to provide supportive supervision, back stopping mechanism and follow up on PANITA members' representation in Council multisectoral Nutrition Steering Committees. All visited members displayed achievements in implementation of nutrition interventions in their respective Councils.



PANITA Annual General meeting held in Dodoma April 2017



2) NORTHERN ZONE

Regions: Tanga, Kilimanjaro and Arusha

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Arusha Non - Governmental Network (ANGONET)

Zonal Coordinator: Mr. Peter Bayo

Advocacy at Regional and Council Level

There is a notable, willingness and commitment of the government to work with CSOs in addressing nutrition issues. RAS from Arusha, Kilimanjaro and Tanga were visited and they agreed to be nutrition champions. This is evident in the commitment statement below made by Anna Mghwira Kilimanjaro Regional Commissioner, "I am ready to be a Nutrition Champion and to join efforts to raise the nutritional status of children and women". Furthermore, both parties realized that partnership and collaboration will result in synergy, efficiency, accountability and transparency in addressing nutrition issues.



Hon. Anna Mghwira, RC Kilimanjaro (left) together with CSO Representatives during the partnership meeting in Kilimanjaro region (photo by ANGONET)

As the results of the capacity strengthening initiatives on advocacy, PANITA CSO members are now in position to raise their voices on nutrition issues. The contribution of CSOs in provision of nutrition education in Northern zone is significant. Member's interventions include: Creating awareness on importance of food diversity and use of locally available food crops; Education on the use of biofortified crops like Orange fleshed Sweet potatoes (OFSP); Awareness creation to communities on the importance of supplements; Infants and young children feeding; food storage and small scale farming.



3) SOUTHERN ZONE

Regions: Lindi and Mtwara

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Kikundi Mwavuli (KIMWAM)

Zonal Coordinator: Ms. Fidea Luanda.

Engagement with Members

Zonal Coordinator visited 33 members, in order to familiarize with CSOs nutrition interventions and areas of operation, provision of backstopping support, sharing of experiences and successes, identification of challenges and possible solutions for better outcomes. Sustainability of CSOs was among the challenges that was observed. Members were encouraged to establish organization sustainability strategies so as to sustain nutrition gains observed so far in Southern Zone.

4) WESTERN ZONE

Regions: Kigoma and Tabora

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Umoja wa Wawezeshaji - KIOO

Zonal Coordinator: Edward Saimon

Building Relations with District Nutrition Officers

This was done in all LGAs that have PANITA members in Kigoma and Tabora regions. Discussions were done with District Nutrition Officers on ways to bring synergy and improve effectiveness of our members in promotion of Nutrition. Generally, District Nutrition Officers are impressed with PANITA members work. "PANITA members have been involving in awareness raising at community level, we have been receiving their implementation reports and others has groups at community level that deals with income generation activities which in one way or another do contribute to reduction of malnutrition in our district" (District Nutrition Officer-Nzega DC). Visit was also done to District Nutrition Officers in districts that currently have no members.

Members visit

Members visit was done, Sable Herb PANITA members in Urambo DC showcased a remarkable innovation of drying green vegetables ought to be shared with other CSOs. This went hand in hand with identifying of potential PANITA members.

5) ZANZIBAR ZONE

Regions: Unguja and Pemba Islands

Zone Coordinating CSO: Pemba Rapid Development Organization (PRADO)

Zonal Coordinator: Abdul Karim Musa



Advocacy at District Level

Zonal coordinator conducted meetings in collaboration with government officials from Department of Food Security and Nutrition in 4 Districts Nutrition Committees in Pemba and 2 Districts in Unguja Island. The meetings aimed at capacity building of officials of District on relationship between nutrition and country economic development. Also. PRADO represents CSOs of Zanzibar in Technical Working Group of Integrated Food Insecurity Phase Classification (IPC). In Zanzibar, there is a notable improvements in working relationships between PRADO, Government and Local media on nutrition related issues.

Members Engagements

Zonal coordinator organized a capacity building training to CSO members in Pemba. The training was facilitated by Nutritionist from Department of Food Security and Nutrition and Health officer from Wete Pemba Municipal Council. The training focused on creating awareness on food availability, utilization, accessibility and importance of exclusive breast feeding for children under six month.

6) WESTERN HIGHLANDS ZONE

Regions: Ruvuma, Njombe, Iringa and Njombe

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Afya Women

Zonal Coordinator: Thabit Msoffe

Engagement with members

A total of 17 members were visited and showcased their nutritional related activities and other initiatives related to fighting malnutrition in their respective localities. Zonal coordinator introduce PANITA and members to their respective Council specifically to Districts Nutrition Officers in Kilolo DC, Makete, Ludewa and Njombe town Councils.

7) EAST LAKE ZONE

Regions: Mara, Mwanza, Simiyu

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Mass Media Bariadi (MMB)

Zonal Coordinator: Frank Kassamwa

Advocacy at District and Regional level

Mass Media Bariadi (MMB) was appointed a member of Simiyu Regional Multisectoral Nutrition Steering Committee (RMSCN. Establishment of the committee was among the resolutions in Regional Nutrition Action Plans developed during the advocacy dialogues conducted in 2016. Thanks to PANITA advocacy initiatives, this was done even before implementation of Terms of Reference (TOR) for Regional and Council Multisectoral Nutrition Steering Committee (R/CMSCN).



Engagement with members

Zonal Coordinator conducted membership drive resulted into recruitment of 15 new members. This was purposed in order to increase coverage in Councils where PANITA lacked members and also to increase sector mix while embracing multisectoral aspects on nutrition.

Engagement with Media

PANITA Members in Simiyu Region engage the media and work closely with Star Tv, Channel Ten, TBC, The Guardian and Mtanzania.

8) EASTERN ZONE

Regions: Dar es Salaam, Coast and Morogoro

Zonal Coordinating CSO: The Centre for Counselling, Food and Nutrition (CECOFON)

Zonal Coordinator: Ms. Gaudensia Donati

Monitoring Visit

PANITA Secretariat conducted monitoring visit to CSO members in Dar Es Salaam and Coast Region in August 2017. All visited members provided background information about their organization, the objectives, nutrition interventions, successes and challenges. Secretariat used the opportunity to provide supportive supervision on implementation of nutrition interventions and CSOs organization management. The following were visited: SHIMAWAMI, RUWODI and Mkombozi Youth Group (Bagamoyo DC). COPEF (Chalinze DC) RESEWO and TAREPA (Kinondoni DC) HESCOT (Ilala DC).

Engagement with Media

CECOFON engage SUA Media (SUA TV and Radio) and Abood Media to educate the mass on important nutrition aspects.

9) SOUTH WESTERN HIGHLANDS ZONE

Regions: Mbeya, Songwe, Rukwa and Katavi

Zonal Coordinating CSO: Community Economic Empowerment and Legal Support (CEELS)

Zonal Coordinator: Mr. Daniel Mtweve

Executing the Innovation Plan (IP)

The Idea of Accountable District Nutrition Steering Committee came from Learning Route Rwanda 2016 where by Mr. Faraja Kassim (PANITA secretariat), Mr. Daniel Mtweve (CEELS) and Ms. Itika Kisunga (LUWADA) represented PANIITA. They came to learnt that Rwanda has Multisectoral Nutrition Steering Committees at local level like what we have in Tanzania; The only difference was, ours lacked the accountability measurement and absence of clear link between district and sub



district levels. Our proposal won SUN CSN funding and the replica was implemented in Kalambo DC piloted in Kasumba Ward to see how Nutrition can be coordinated at Ward and village level. According to Tanzanian policy frame work at that time, there are no Ward and Village nutrition steering committees so there were no link between District and sub district in terms of nutrition plan and coordination, but because of Innovation Plan nutrition agenda will be cascaded down through Ward Development Committee (WDC) and Village Committee (VC).

At present, as part of Implementation of NMNAP the PORALG has reviewed the Terms of Reference (TOR) for Regional and Council Multisectoral Nutrition Steering Committee (R/CMSCN), one of the recommendation is to use Ward Health Committee (being a subset of WDC) to cascade nutrition plan to the Ward level; the implementation of the IP Project in Kisumba Ward is one step ahead.

The IP introduced the idea of performance contract as a means to hold the members of Steering committees responsible for the agreed plans. But these contracts were more of social pact among key actors. Remarkably, of current, the Vice President of Tanzania who is a National Nutrition Champion has ordered to sign the Performance contract with Regional Commissioners specifically for nutrition interventions, and the PORALG has taken a step further to include other actors in the councils.



School gardening is among of the cost effective ways to engage students in increasing nutrition knowledge about how to grow their own food but also provides an active way for individuals to address health concerns and be more involved in monitoring their daily food intake. (Photo by CEELS and IRTECO – PANITA Member Rukwa and Morogoro)





10) WEST LAKE ZONE

Regions: Shinyanga, Geita and Kagera

Zonal Coordinating CSO: The foundation of Human Health Society (HUHESO)

Zonal Coordinator: Mr. Juma Mwesigwa

Monitoring Visit

PANITA Secretariat conducted supportive supervision to CSOs in Kagera, Shinyanga and Geita Regions. The visit was conducted between November and December 2017 to 13 CSOs in Councils that implement MTOTO MWEREVU project. This monitoring visit was an initial supportive supervision to member CSOs.

All CSOs have introduced MTOTO MWEREVU project at their respective wards and identified the existing supporting groups for facilitation on behaviours of MTOTO MWEREVU which are WASH, ECD, Gender, MIYCAN. Moreover, CSOs provide nutrition education during TASAF meeting and work closely with Community Health Workers,



The best group (Mhongolo ward) during the discussion on advantages and how to achieve exclusive breast feeding; HUHESO 2017 PANITA member Kahama.



ANNEX 2: PANITA members in Regional and Councils Steering Committees on Nutrition as of December 2017

S/N	REGION	DISTRICT COUNCIL	CSO Representatives
1.	Shinyanga	Kahama TC	The Foundation of Human Health Society (HUHESO Foundation)
		Ushetu DC	Nutribase Organization
		Msalala DC	Kahama Medical Cultural Troupe(KMCT)
		Shinyanga MC	Modern Education and Culture Group (MECEG)
		Shinyanga DC	The Voice of Marginalized Community (TVMC)
		Bukombe DC	The Foundation of Human Health Society (HUHESO Foundation)
		Shinyanga DC	Thubutu Africa Initiative (TAI)
2.	Kagera	Misenyi DC	Missenyi AIDS& Poverty Eradication Crusade (MAPEC)
		Bukoba MC	Tanzania Development and AIDS Prevention Association (TADEPA)
		Karagwe DC	Human Development and Relief Services (HUDERES)
		Bukoba DC	Tanzania agricultural mordenization Association (TAMA)
		Bukoba DC	Kolping Society of Tanzania
		Misenyi DC	Kikukwe Community Development initiatives
		Bukoba DC	Kolping Society of Tanzania
3.	Geita	Geita TC	Roman Catholic Diocese of Geita (RCDG)
		Geita TC	Tanzania Youth with new Hope in Life Organization (TAYONEHO)
		Sengerema DC	Tanzania Association for People Living in Difficult Environment (TAPODE)
		Chato DC	New Light Center Children Organization (NELICO)
		Geita DC	Geita Legal AID Center
4.	Singida	Ikungi DC	Save Mother and Children of Central Tanganyika (SMCCT)
		Singida DC	Save Mother and Children of Central Tanganyika (SMCCT)
		Singida MC	Save Mother and Children of Central Tanganyika (SMCCT)
		Mkalama DC	Save Mother and Children of Central Tanganyika (SMCCT)
		Manyoni DC	Mfuko wa Elimu Manyoni (MEMA)



5.	Dodoma	Dodoma MC	Non-Governmental Organization Network of Dodoma (NGONEDO)
		Kongwa DC	UMWEMA Group
		Bahi DC	Sharing Worlds
		Chamwino DC	Sharing Worlds
		Mpwapwa DC	Mpwapwa Integrated Development Organization (MIDO)
6.	Manyara	Babati TC	Manyara Civil Society Organizations Network (MACSNET)
		Hanang DC	Manyara Civil Society Organizations Network (MACSNET)
		Mbulu DC	Community Support Initiatives Tanzania(COSITA)
		Babati DC	Community Support Initiatives Tanzania(COSITA)
		Babati TC	Community Support Initiatives Tanzania (COSITA)
		KitetoDC,	KINNAPA
		Simanjiro DC	KINNAPA
7.	Mwanza	Magu DC	Kikundi cha Furahisha Magu (FURAHISHA)
		llemela DC	Baraka Good Hope Orphans Development (BAGODE)
		Buchosa DC	Amani Wanawake
		Mwanza CC (Nyamagana)	Baraka Good Hope Orphans Development (BAGODE)
		Sengerema DC	Amani Girls
		Buchosa DC	Daraja Group
		Mwanza CC (Nyamagana)	Nihekima Pekee
8.	Simiyu	Bariadi DC	Equatorial Lakeside Action (ELAAC)
		Bariadi TC	Mass Media Bariadi (MMB)
9.	Mara	Tarime TC	Tanzania Home Economics Association (TAHEA)
		Musoma DC	Social Economic Development Trust Fund (SEDTIF)
		Butiama DC	Victoria Metal Products Organizations (VIMEPRO)
10.	Pwani	Kibaha TC	Pwani Development Promotion Agency (DPA Pwani)
		Kisarawe DC	Kilwa Non- Governmental Network (KINGONET)
		Chalinze DC	Coast Region Eradication Fund (COPEF)
11.	Morogoro	Morogoro DC	Umwema Group
		Morogoro MC	Center for Counselling Food and Nutrition (CECOFON)
		Kilosa DC	Huruma Aids Concern and Care (HACOCA)
		Gairo DC	Sustainable Holistic Initiatives Organization (SHIO)



		Kilombero DC	Kilombero organiztion for Community development (KOCD)
		Malinyi DC	Community Environmental Management and Development Organization (CEMDO-Tanzania)
12.	Tanga	Tanga MC	Tanga Civil Societies Coalition (TASCO)
		Tanga DC	Centre for Informal Sector Promotion (CISP)
		Korogwe DC	Tanzania Livelihoods Skills Development and Advocacy Foundation (TASIDA)
13.	Kilimanjaro	Hai DC	Hai Non-Governmental Organization Network (HANGO)
14.	Arusha	Arusha MC	Arusha NGO Network (ANGONET)
		Karatu DC	The Multi-Environmental society (MESO)
		Monduli DC	Monduli orphans project (MOP)
15.	Rukwa	Sumbawanga MC	All Saints Anglican Parish Sumbawanga
		Sumbawanga DC	Kaengesa Environmental Conservations Society (KAESO)
		Kalambo DC	Community Economic Empowerment and Legal Support (CEELS)
16	Mbeya	Mbarali DC	Kilio Cha Waathirika na Waathiriwa wa UKIMWI Tanzania (KIWWAUTA)
17.	Songwe	Mbozi DC	Action Development Program (ADP) Mbozi
18.	Njombe	Ludewa DC	Asasi ya Kuhudumia Wajane, wagane na yatima (AKWAYA)
		Njombe DC	Community concerns of Orphans and development association (COCODA)
19.	Ruvuma	Songea DC	Songea Para Legal Centre (SOPCE)
20.	Iringa	Iringa MC	Tanzania Home Economics Association (TAHEA)
		Mfindi DC	Afya Women Group (AWG)
		Makete DC	Evangelical Lutherans Church in Tanzania (ELCT)
		Wanging'ombe DC	Njombe Agriculture Development Organization(NADO)
		Iringa DC	ALAMANO
		Kilolo DC	Ilula Orphan Program (IOP)
21	Kigoma	Uvinza DC	Umoja wa Wawezeshaji (KIOO)
		Kasulu DC	RUDIA
		Kigoma DC	Nyakitonto Youth
		Kigoma MC	NdelaKituo cha Maendeleo kwa Vijana.



22.	Mtwara	Mtwara DC	Mtwara Economic Development Initiatives (MEDI) & Mtwara District NGOs Network (MTWANGONET)
		Mtwara MC	(Kikundi Mwamvuli Mtwara) (KIMWAM) & Mtwara Society Against Poverty (MSOAPO)
		Tandahimba DC	Asasi ya Vijana na Watoto Tandahimba (AVIWATA)
		Masasi DC	KIMAS
		Nanyumbu DC	Nanyumbu Development Foundation (NADEFO)
23.	Lindi	Lindi DC	Lindi Support Agency for Welfare (LISAWE)
		Ruangwa DC	Kilwa Non- Governmental Network (KINGONET)
		Kilwa DC	Ruangwa Organization for Poverty Alleviation (ROPA)
			Ruangwa Non-Governmental Network (RUANGONET)
		Lindi MC	Patronage in Environmental Management and Health Care Warriors (PEMWA)
		Liwale DC	Mtandao wa Wanawake na Maendeleo Liwale (WAMALI)
24.	Tabora	Nzega DC	Christian Education Development Organization (CEDO)



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Dr. Rose Rita Kingamkono (PhD - Nutrition) Board Chair

Chief of Party | Land O'Lakes | Tanzania | USAID Innovation Equality to Promote Household Food Security



Frida Lekey (BBA-Accounting, MBA - Finance) Member

Country Funding Coordinator- Oxfam-Tanzania



Prof. Joyce Kinabo (PhD-Nutrition) Member

Professor of Human Nutrition - Sokoine University of Agriculture - (SUA)



Dr. Suma Kaare ((PhD, Public Sector Management) Member

M&E/Operations Research Team Lead Abt Associates Public SectorSystems Strengthening PS3 Tanzania



Abubakar Mohammed Ali (BSc, MSc) <u>Member</u>

The Executive Director for Zanzibar Clove Producers Organisation – ZACPO



Tumaini Mikindo MPH, MSc, BPh Secretary to the BoD PANITA Executive Director



Joseph Mugyabuso (BSc, MSc- Nutrition; MBA) Member

Nutrition Advisor IMA World Health (Former Project Manager for PANITA under SCI)



SECRETARIAT STAFF



Tumaini Mikindo Executive Director



Jane Msagati Program Coordinator



Deborah Kimaro M&E Coordinator



Lucy Mbambe Maziku Project Coordinator



Husna Munisy Administrative and Operations Officer



Magreth Paul Program Officer



Florian Efrem Finance Assistant

PANITA ANNUAL REPORT 2017



ZONAL COORDINATORS



Edward Mbogo Central Zone NGO'S Network for Dodoma (NGONEDO)



Peter Bayo Northern Zone Arusha Non-Governmental Organization Network (ANGONET)



Frank Kasamwa East Lake Zone Mass Media Bariadi



Daniel Mtweve South Western Highlands Zone Community Economic Empowerment and Legal Support (CEELS)



Gaudensia Donati Eastern Zone The Centre for Counselling, Food and Nutrition (CECOFON)



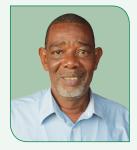
Fidea Ruanda Southern Zone Kikundi Mwavuli Mtwara (KIMWAM)



Thabit Msofe Southern Highlands Afya Women Group



Juma Mwesigwa West Lake Zone HUHESO Foundation



Abdul Karim Mussa Zanzibar Zone Pemba Rapid Development Organization (PRADO)



Edward B. Simon Western Zone Umoja Wa Wawezeshaji KIOO





Partnership for Nutrition in Tanzania (PANITA) Off Rose Garden Road, 6 Rwehabura Road, Plot No. 305A, Mikocheni A, P.O. Box 32095, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. Tel: +255 222 701 753 Email: info@panita.or.tz

PANITA

"Catalyst to end malnutrition in Tanzania"